

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

STATE ELECTION

OFFICIAL ABSENTEE BALLOT

**BROCKTON
WD. 2,
WD. 3, Pcts. A-C,
WD. 4, Pcts. A, D,
WD. 5, Pct. A,
WD. 7, Pcts. A, B**

William Francis Galvin
SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

Tuesday, November 6, 2012

1591/1591

To vote for a candidate, fill in the oval to the right of the candidate's name. To vote for a person not on the ballot, write that person's name and residence in the blank space provided and fill in the oval.

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

Vote for ONE

JOHNSON and GRAY ++++++ Libertarian

OBAMA and BIDEN ++++++ Democratic

ROMNEY and RYAN ++++++ Republican

STEIN and HONKALA ++++++ Green-Rainbow

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

SENATOR IN CONGRESS

Vote for ONE

SCOTT P. BROWN ++++++ Republican
70 Hayden Woods, Wrentham Candidate for Re-election

ELIZABETH A. WARREN ++++++ Democratic
24 Linnaean St., Cambridge

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

EIGHTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

STEPHEN F. LYNCH ++++++ Democratic
55 G St., Boston Candidate for Re-election

JOE SELVAGGI ++++++ Republican
49 Beacon St., Boston

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

COUNCILLOR

FOURTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

CHRISTOPHER A. IANNELLA, JR. ++++++ Democratic
263 Pond St., Boston Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT

SECOND PLYMOUTH & BRISTOL DISTRICT Vote for ONE

THOMAS P. KENNEDY ++++++ Democratic
92 Winthrop St., Brockton Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT

NINTH PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

MICHAEL D. BRADY ++++++ Democratic
28 Ellis St., Brockton Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

CLERK OF COURTS

PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for ONE

ROBERT S. CREEDON, JR. ++++++ Democratic
393 West Elm St., Brockton Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGISTER OF DEEDS

PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

JOHN R. BUCKLEY, JR. ++++++ Democratic
308 Rockland St., Brockton Candidate for Re-election

ANTHONY THOMAS O'BRIEN, SR. ++++++ Republican
41 Queensbrook Rd., Pembroke

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for not more than TWO

GREG HANLEY ++++++ Democratic
18 Mackenzie Orchard, Pembroke

DANIEL A. PALLOTTA ++++++ Republican
160 Olde Forge Rd., Hanover

MARYANNE LEWIS ++++++ Independent
18 Lighthouse Rd., Scituate

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

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You may vote for every position on the Southeastern Regional Vocational
Technical School District Committee, regardless of where you reside in the
District.

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) BROCKTON Vote for ONE

MARK LINDE ++++++ Democratic
83 Rangeley Ave., Brockton Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) FOXBOROUGH Vote for ONE

STEPHEN UDEN ++++++ Democratic
21 Carmine Ave., Foxborough

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) MANSFIELD Vote for ONE

WILLIAM FLANNERY ++++++ Democratic
25 Cobb St., Mansfield Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) NORTON Vote for ONE

DENIS FEELEY ++++++ Democratic
18 Colonial Dr., Norton

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) SHARON Vote for ONE

MINDY KEMPNER ++++++ Democratic
100 Pond St., Sharon Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (2 YEARS) WEST BRIDGEWATER Vote for ONE

COLLEEN MALONEY ++++++ Democratic
228 Matfield St., West Bridgewater Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

QUESTION 1 LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would prohibit any motor vehicle manufacturer, starting with model year 2015, from selling or leasing, either directly or through a dealer, a new motor vehicle without allowing the owner to have access to the same diagnostic and repair information made available to the manufacturer's dealers and in-state authorized repair facilities.

The manufacturer would have to allow the owner, or the owner's designated in-state independent repair facility (one not affiliated with a manufacturer or its authorized dealers), to obtain diagnostic and repair information electronically, on an hourly, daily, monthly, or yearly subscription basis, for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

The manufacturer would have to provide access to the information through a non-proprietary vehicle interface, using a standard applied in federal emissions-control regulations. Such information would have to include the same content, and be in the same form and accessible in the same manner, as is provided to the manufacturer's dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For vehicles manufactured from 2002 through model year 2014, the proposed law would require a manufacturer of motor vehicles sold in Massachusetts to make available for purchase, by vehicle owners and in-state independent repair facilities, the same diagnostic and repair information that the manufacturer makes available through an electronic system to its dealers and in-state authorized repair facilities. Manufacturers would have to make such information available in the same form and manner, and to the same extent, as they do for dealers and authorized repair facilities. The information would be available for purchase on an hourly, daily, monthly, or yearly subscription basis, for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For vehicles manufactured from 2002 through model year 2014, the proposed law would also require manufacturers to make available for purchase, by vehicle owners and in-state independent repair facilities, all diagnostic repair tools, incorporating the same diagnostic, repair and wireless capabilities as those available to dealers and authorized repair facilities. Such tools would have to be made available for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For all years covered by the proposed law, the required diagnostic and repair information would not include the information necessary to reset a vehicle immobilizer, an anti-theft device that prevents a vehicle from being started unless the correct key code is present. Such information would have to be made available to dealers, repair facilities, and owners through a separate, secure data release system.

The proposed law would not require a manufacturer to reveal a trade secret and would not interfere with any agreement made by a manufacturer, dealer, or authorized repair facility that is in force on the effective date of the proposed law. Starting January 1, 2013, the proposed law would prohibit any agreement that waives or limits a manufacturer's compliance with the proposed law.

Any violation of the proposed law would be treated as a violation of existing state consumer protection and unfair trade-practices laws.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law requiring motor vehicle manufacturers to allow vehicle owners and independent repair facilities in Massachusetts to have access to the same vehicle diagnostic and repair information made available to the manufacturers' Massachusetts dealers and authorized repair facilities.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

CONTINUED ON BACK

VOTE BOTH SIDES

QUESTION 2

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would allow a physician licensed in Massachusetts to prescribe medication, at a terminally ill patient's request, to end that patient's life. To qualify, a patient would have to be an adult resident who (1) is medically determined to be mentally capable of making and communicating health care decisions; (2) has been diagnosed by attending and consulting physicians as having an incurable, irreversible disease that will, within reasonable medical judgment, cause death within six months; and (3) voluntarily expresses a wish to die and has made an informed decision. The proposed law states that the patient would ingest the medicine in order to cause death in a humane and dignified manner.

The proposed law would require the patient, directly or through a person familiar with the patient's manner of communicating, to orally communicate to a physician on two occasions, 15 days apart, the patient's request for the medication. At the time of the second request, the physician would have to offer the patient an opportunity to rescind the request. The patient would also have to sign a standard form, in the presence of two witnesses, one of whom is not a relative, a beneficiary of the patient's estate, or an owner, operator, or employee of a health care facility where the patient receives treatment or lives.

The proposed law would require the attending physician to: (1) determine if the patient is qualified; (2) inform the patient of his or her medical diagnosis and prognosis, the potential risks and probable result of ingesting the medication, and the feasible alternatives, including comfort care, hospice care and pain control; (3) refer the patient to a consulting physician for a diagnosis and prognosis regarding the patient's disease, and confirmation in writing that the patient is capable, acting voluntarily, and making an informed decision; (4) refer the patient for psychiatric or psychological consultation if the physician believes the patient may have a disorder causing impaired judgment; (5) recommend that the patient notify next of kin of the patient's intention; (6) recommend that the patient have another person present when the patient ingests the medicine and to not take it in a public place; (7) inform the patient that he or she may rescind the request at any time; (8) write the prescription when the requirements of the law are met, including verifying that the patient is making an informed decision; and (9) arrange for the medicine to be dispensed directly to the patient, or the patient's agent, but not by mail or courier.

The proposed law would make it punishable by imprisonment and/or fines, for anyone to (1) coerce a patient to request medication, (2) forge a request, or (3) conceal a rescission of a request. The proposed law would not authorize ending a patient's life by lethal injection, active euthanasia, or mercy killing. The death certificate would list the underlying terminal disease as the cause of death.

Participation under the proposed law would be voluntary. An unwilling health care provider could prohibit or sanction another health care provider for participating while on the premises of, or while acting as an employee of or contractor for, the unwilling provider.

The proposed law states that no person would be civilly or criminally liable or subject to professional discipline for actions that comply with the law, including actions taken in good faith that substantially comply. It also states that it should not be interpreted to lower the applicable standard of care for any health care provider.

A person's decision to make or rescind a request could not be restricted by will or contract made on or after January 1, 2013, and could not be considered in issuing, or setting the rates for, insurance policies or annuities. Also, the proposed law would require the attending physician to report each case in which life-ending medication is dispensed to the state Department of Public Health. The Department would provide public access to statistical data compiled from the reports.

The proposed law states that if any of its parts was held invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law allowing a physician licensed in Massachusetts to prescribe medication, at the request of a terminally-ill patient meeting certain conditions, to end that person's life.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

QUESTION 3

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would eliminate state criminal and civil penalties for the medical use of marijuana by qualifying patients. To qualify, a patient must have been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition, such as cancer, glaucoma, HIV-positive status or AIDS, hepatitis C, Crohn's disease, Parkinson's disease, ALS, or multiple sclerosis. The patient would also have to obtain a written certification, from a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship, that the patient has a specific debilitating medical condition and would likely obtain a net benefit from medical use of marijuana.

The proposed law would allow patients to possess up to a 60-day supply of marijuana for their personal medical use. The state Department of Public Health (DPH) would decide what amount would be a 60-day supply. A patient could designate a personal caregiver, at least 21 years old, who could assist with the patient's medical use of marijuana but would be prohibited from consuming that marijuana. Patients and caregivers would have to register with DPH by submitting the physician's certification.

The proposed law would allow for non-profit medical marijuana treatment centers to grow, process and provide marijuana to patients or their caregivers. A treatment center would have to apply for a DPH registration by (1) paying a fee to offset DPH's administrative costs; (2) identifying its location and one additional location, if any, where marijuana would be grown; and (3) submitting operating procedures, consistent with rules to be issued by DPH, including cultivation and storage of marijuana only in enclosed, locked facilities.

A treatment center's personnel would have to register with DPH before working or volunteering at the center, be at least 21 years old, and have no felony drug convictions. In 2013, there could be no more than 35 treatment centers, with at least one but not more than five centers in each county. In later years, DPH could modify the number of centers.

The proposed law would require DPH to issue a cultivation registration to a qualifying patient whose access to a treatment center is limited by financial hardship, physical inability to access reasonable transportation, or distance. This would allow the patient or caregiver to grow only enough plants, in a closed, locked facility, for a 60-day supply of marijuana for the patient's own use.

DPH could revoke any registration for a willful violation of the proposed law. Fraudulent use of a DPH registration could be punished by up to six months in a house of correction or a fine of up to \$500, and fraudulent use of a registration for the sale, distribution, or trafficking of marijuana for non-medical use for profit could be punished by up to five years in state prison or by two and one-half years in a house of correction.

The proposed law would (1) not give immunity under federal law or obstruct federal enforcement of federal law; (2) not supersede Massachusetts laws prohibiting possession, cultivation, or sale of marijuana for nonmedical purposes; (3) not allow the operation of a motor vehicle, boat, or aircraft while under the influence of marijuana; (4) not require any health insurer or government entity to reimburse for the costs of the medical use of marijuana; (5) not require any health care professional to authorize the medical use of marijuana; (6) not require any accommodation of the medical use of marijuana in any workplace, school bus or grounds, youth center, or correctional facility; and (7) not require any accommodation of smoking marijuana in any public place.

The proposed law would take effect January 1, 2013, and states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law eliminating state criminal and civil penalties related to the medical use of marijuana, allowing patients meeting certain conditions to obtain marijuana produced and distributed by new state-regulated centers or, in specific hardship cases, to grow marijuana for their own use.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

1591

YOU HAVE NOW COMPLETED VOTING

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

STATE ELECTION

OFFICIAL ABSENTEE BALLOT

BROCKTON
WD. 4, Pcts. B, C,
WD. 5, Pcts. B, C, D,
WD. 6

William Francis Galvin
SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

Tuesday, November 6, 2012

1603/1603

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ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

Vote for ONE

JOHNSON and GRAY ++++++ Libertarian

OBAMA and BIDEN ++++++ Democratic

ROMNEY and RYAN ++++++ Republican

STEIN and HONKALA ++++++ Green-Rainbow

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SENATOR IN CONGRESS

Vote for ONE

SCOTT P. BROWN ++++++ Republican
70 Hayden Woods, Wrentham
Candidate for Re-election

ELIZABETH A. WARREN ++++++ Democratic
24 Linnaean St., Cambridge

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EIGHTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

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55 G St., Boston
Candidate for Re-election

JOE SELVAGGI ++++++ Republican
49 Beacon St., Boston

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COUNCILLOR

FOURTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

CHRISTOPHER A. IANNELLA, JR. ++++++ Democratic
263 Pond St., Boston
Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT

SECOND PLYMOUTH & BRISTOL DISTRICT Vote for ONE

THOMAS P. KENNEDY ++++++ Democratic
92 Winthrop St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT

TENTH PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

CHRISTINE E. CANAVAN ++++++ Democratic
29 Mystic St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

CLERK OF COURTS

PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for ONE

ROBERT S. CREEDON, JR. ++++++ Democratic
393 West Elm St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGISTER OF DEEDS

PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

JOHN R. BUCKLEY, JR. ++++++ Democratic
308 Rockland St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

ANTHONY THOMAS O'BRIEN, SR. ++++++ Republican
41 Queensbrook Rd., Pembroke

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PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for not more than TWO

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18 Mackenzie Orchard, Pembroke

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160 Old Forge Rd., Hanover

MARYANNE LEWIS ++++++ Independent
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District.

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) BROCKTON Vote for ONE

MARK LINDE ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

83 Rangeley Ave., Brockton

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REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) FOXBOROUGH Vote for ONE

STEPHEN UDEN ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

21 Carmine Ave., Foxborough

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REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) MANSFIELD Vote for ONE

WILLIAM FLANNERY ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

25 Cobb St., Mansfield

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REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) NORTON Vote for ONE

DENIS FEELEY ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

18 Colonial Dr., Norton

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) SHARON Vote for ONE

MINDY KEMPNER ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

100 Pond St., Sharon

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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (2 YEARS) WEST BRIDGEWATER Vote for ONE

COLLEEN MALONEY ++++++ Candidate for Re-election

228 Matfield St., West Bridgewater

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Any violation of the proposed law would be treated as a violation of existing state consumer protection and unfair trade-practices laws.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law requiring motor vehicle manufacturers to allow vehicle owners and independent repair facilities in Massachusetts to have access to the same vehicle diagnostic and repair information made available to the manufacturers' Massachusetts dealers and authorized repair facilities.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

CONTINUED ON BACK

VOTE BOTH SIDES

QUESTION 2

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

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A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law allowing a physician licensed in Massachusetts to prescribe medication, at the request of a terminally-ill patient meeting certain conditions, to end that person's life.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

QUESTION 3

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would eliminate state criminal and civil penalties for the medical use of marijuana by qualifying patients. To qualify, a patient must have been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition, such as cancer, glaucoma, HIV-positive status or AIDS, hepatitis C, Crohn's disease, Parkinson's disease, ALS, or multiple sclerosis. The patient would also have to obtain a written certification, from a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship, that the patient has a specific debilitating medical condition and would likely obtain a net benefit from medical use of marijuana.

The proposed law would allow patients to possess up to a 60-day supply of marijuana for their personal medical use. The state Department of Public Health (DPH) would decide what amount would be a 60-day supply. A patient could designate a personal caregiver, at least 21 years old, who could assist with the patient's medical use of marijuana but would be prohibited from consuming that marijuana. Patients and caregivers would have to register with DPH by submitting the physician's certification.

The proposed law would allow for non-profit medical marijuana treatment centers to grow, process and provide marijuana to patients or their caregivers. A treatment center would have to apply for a DPH registration by (1) paying a fee to offset DPH's administrative costs; (2) identifying its location and one additional location, if any, where marijuana would be grown; and (3) submitting operating procedures, consistent with rules to be issued by DPH, including cultivation and storage of marijuana only in enclosed, locked facilities.

A treatment center's personnel would have to register with DPH before working or volunteering at the center, be at least 21 years old, and have no felony drug convictions. In 2013, there could be no more than 35 treatment centers, with at least one but not more than five centers in each county. In later years, DPH could modify the number of centers.

The proposed law would require DPH to issue a cultivation registration to a qualifying patient whose access to a treatment center is limited by financial hardship, physical inability to access reasonable transportation, or distance. This would allow the patient or caregiver to grow only enough plants, in a closed, locked facility, for a 60-day supply of marijuana for the patient's own use.

DPH could revoke any registration for a willful violation of the proposed law. Fraudulent use of a DPH registration could be punished by up to six months in a house of correction or a fine of up to \$500, and fraudulent use of a registration for the sale, distribution, or trafficking of marijuana for non-medical use for profit could be punished by up to five years in state prison or by two and one-half years in a house of correction.

The proposed law would (1) not give immunity under federal law or obstruct federal enforcement of federal law; (2) not supersede Massachusetts laws prohibiting possession, cultivation, or sale of marijuana for nonmedical purposes; (3) not allow the operation of a motor vehicle, boat, or aircraft while under the influence of marijuana; (4) not require any health insurer or government entity to reimburse for the costs of the medical use of marijuana; (5) not require any health care professional to authorize the medical use of marijuana; (6) not require any accommodation of the medical use of marijuana in any workplace, school bus or grounds, youth center, or correctional facility; and (7) not require any accommodation of smoking marijuana in any public place.

The proposed law would take effect January 1, 2013, and states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law eliminating state criminal and civil penalties related to the medical use of marijuana, allowing patients meeting certain conditions to obtain marijuana produced and distributed by new state-regulated centers or, in specific hardship cases, to grow marijuana for their own use.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

1603

YOU HAVE NOW COMPLETED VOTING

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

STATE ELECTION

OFFICIAL ABSENTEE BALLOT

**BROCKTON
WD. 1,
WD. 3, Pct. D,
WD. 7, Pcts. C, D**

William Francis Galvin
SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

Tuesday, November 6, 2012

1615/1615

To vote for a candidate, fill in the oval to the right of the candidate's name. To vote for a person not on the ballot, write that person's name and residence in the blank space provided and fill in the oval.

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

Vote for ONE

JOHNSON and GRAY ++++++ Libertarian

OBAMA and BIDEN ++++++ Democratic

ROMNEY and RYAN ++++++ Republican

STEIN and HONKALA ++++++ Green-Rainbow

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

SENATOR IN CONGRESS

Vote for ONE

SCOTT P. BROWN ++++++ Republican
70 Hayden Woods, Wrentham
Candidate for Re-election

ELIZABETH A. WARREN ++++++ Democratic
24 Linnaean St., Cambridge

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

EIGHTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

STEPHEN F. LYNCH ++++++ Democratic
55 G St., Boston
Candidate for Re-election

JOE SELVAGGI ++++++ Republican
49 Beacon St., Boston

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

COUNCILLOR

FOURTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

CHRISTOPHER A. IANNELLA, JR. ++++++ Democratic
263 Pond St., Boston
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT

SECOND PLYMOUTH & BRISTOL DISTRICT Vote for ONE

THOMAS P. KENNEDY ++++++ Democratic
92 Winthrop St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT

ELEVENTH PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

CLAIRE D. CRONIN ++++++ Democratic
53 Cosma Rd., Easton

DANIEL J. MURPHY ++++++ Republican
56 Cosma Rd., Easton

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

CLERK OF COURTS

PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for ONE

ROBERT S. CREEDON, JR. ++++++ Democratic
393 West Elm St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGISTER OF DEEDS

PLYMOUTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE

JOHN R. BUCKLEY, JR. ++++++ Democratic
308 Rockland St., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

ANTHONY THOMAS O'BRIEN, SR. ++++++ Republican
41 Queensbrook Rd., Pembroke

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

PLYMOUTH COUNTY Vote for not more than TWO

GREG HANLEY ++++++ Democratic
18 Mackenzie Orchard, Pembroke

DANIEL A. PALLOTTA ++++++ Republican
160 Olde Forge Rd., Hanover

MARYANNE LEWIS ++++++ Independent
18 Lighthouse Rd., Scituate

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

You may vote for every position on the Southeastern Regional Vocational Technical School District Committee, regardless of where you reside in the District.

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) BROCKTON Vote for ONE

MARK LINDE ++++++
83 Rangeley Ave., Brockton
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) FOXBOROUGH Vote for ONE

STEPHEN OGDEN ++++++
21 Carmine Ave., Foxborough

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) MANSFIELD Vote for ONE

WILLIAM FLANNERY ++++++
25 Cobb St., Mansfield
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) NORTON Vote for ONE

DENIS FEELEY ++++++
18 Colonial Dr., Norton

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (4 YEARS) SHARON Vote for ONE

MINDY KEMPNER ++++++
100 Pond St., Sharon
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

REGIONAL VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE

SOUTHEASTERN (2 YEARS) WEST BRIDGEWATER Vote for ONE

COLLEEN MALONEY ++++++
228 Matfield St., West Bridgewater
Candidate for Re-election

DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.

WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY

QUESTION 1 LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would prohibit any motor vehicle manufacturer, starting with model year 2015, from selling or leasing, either directly or through a dealer, a new motor vehicle without allowing the owner to have access to the same diagnostic and repair information made available to the manufacturer's dealers and in-state authorized repair facilities.

The manufacturer would have to allow the owner, or the owner's designated in-state independent repair facility (one not affiliated with a manufacturer or its authorized dealers), to obtain diagnostic and repair information electronically, on an hourly, daily, monthly, or yearly subscription basis, for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

The manufacturer would have to provide access to the information through a non-proprietary vehicle interface, using a standard applied in federal emissions-control regulations. Such information would have to include the same content, and be in the same form and accessible in the same manner, as is provided to the manufacturer's dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For vehicles manufactured from 2002 through model year 2014, the proposed law would require a manufacturer of motor vehicles sold in Massachusetts to make available for purchase, by vehicle owners and in-state independent repair facilities, the same diagnostic and repair information that the manufacturer makes available through an electronic system to its dealers and in-state authorized repair facilities. Manufacturers would have to make such information available in the same form and manner, and to the same extent, as they do for dealers and authorized repair facilities. The information would be available for purchase on an hourly, daily, monthly, or yearly subscription basis, for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For vehicles manufactured from 2002 through model year 2014, the proposed law would also require manufacturers to make available for purchase, by vehicle owners and in-state independent repair facilities, all diagnostic repair tools, incorporating the same diagnostic, repair and wireless capabilities as those available to dealers and authorized repair facilities. Such tools would have to be made available for no more than fair market value and on terms that do not unfairly favor dealers and authorized repair facilities.

For all years covered by the proposed law, the required diagnostic and repair information would not include the information necessary to reset a vehicle immobilizer, an anti-theft device that prevents a vehicle from being started unless the correct key code is present. Such information would have to be made available to dealers, repair facilities, and owners through a separate, secure data release system.

The proposed law would not require a manufacturer to reveal a trade secret and would not interfere with any agreement made by a manufacturer, dealer, or authorized repair facility that is in force on the effective date of the proposed law. Starting January 1, 2013, the proposed law would prohibit any agreement that waives or limits a manufacturer's compliance with the proposed law.

Any violation of the proposed law would be treated as a violation of existing state consumer protection and unfair trade-practices laws.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law requiring motor vehicle manufacturers to allow vehicle owners and independent repair facilities in Massachusetts to have access to the same vehicle diagnostic and repair information made available to the manufacturers' Massachusetts dealers and authorized repair facilities.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES
NO

CONTINUED ON BACK

VOTE BOTH SIDES

QUESTION 2

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would allow a physician licensed in Massachusetts to prescribe medication, at a terminally ill patient's request, to end that patient's life. To qualify, a patient would have to be an adult resident who (1) is medically determined to be mentally capable of making and communicating health care decisions; (2) has been diagnosed by attending and consulting physicians as having an incurable, irreversible disease that will, within reasonable medical judgment, cause death within six months; and (3) voluntarily expresses a wish to die and has made an informed decision. The proposed law states that the patient would ingest the medicine in order to cause death in a humane and dignified manner.

The proposed law would require the patient, directly or through a person familiar with the patient's manner of communicating, to orally communicate to a physician on two occasions, 15 days apart, the patient's request for the medication. At the time of the second request, the physician would have to offer the patient an opportunity to rescind the request. The patient would also have to sign a standard form, in the presence of two witnesses, one of whom is not a relative, a beneficiary of the patient's estate, or an owner, operator, or employee of a health care facility where the patient receives treatment or lives.

The proposed law would require the attending physician to: (1) determine if the patient is qualified; (2) inform the patient of his or her medical diagnosis and prognosis, the potential risks and probable result of ingesting the medication, and the feasible alternatives, including comfort care, hospice care and pain control; (3) refer the patient to a consulting physician for a diagnosis and prognosis regarding the patient's disease, and confirmation in writing that the patient is capable, acting voluntarily, and making an informed decision; (4) refer the patient for psychiatric or psychological consultation if the physician believes the patient may have a disorder causing impaired judgment; (5) recommend that the patient notify next of kin of the patient's intention; (6) recommend that the patient have another person present when the patient ingests the medicine and to not take it in a public place; (7) inform the patient that he or she may rescind the request at any time; (8) write the prescription when the requirements of the law are met, including verifying that the patient is making an informed decision; and (9) arrange for the medicine to be dispensed directly to the patient, or the patient's agent, but not by mail or courier.

The proposed law would make it punishable by imprisonment and/or fines, for anyone to (1) coerce a patient to request medication, (2) forge a request, or (3) conceal a rescission of a request. The proposed law would not authorize ending a patient's life by lethal injection, active euthanasia, or mercy killing. The death certificate would list the underlying terminal disease as the cause of death.

Participation under the proposed law would be voluntary. An unwilling health care provider could prohibit or sanction another health care provider for participating while on the premises of, or while acting as an employee of or contractor for, the unwilling provider.

The proposed law states that no person would be civilly or criminally liable or subject to professional discipline for actions that comply with the law, including actions taken in good faith that substantially comply. It also states that it should not be interpreted to lower the applicable standard of care for any health care provider.

A person's decision to make or rescind a request could not be restricted by will or contract made on or after January 1, 2013, and could not be considered in issuing, or setting the rates for, insurance policies or annuities. Also, the proposed law would require the attending physician to report each case in which life-ending medication is dispensed to the state Department of Public Health. The Department would provide public access to statistical data compiled from the reports.

The proposed law states that if any of its parts was held invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law allowing a physician licensed in Massachusetts to prescribe medication, at the request of a terminally-ill patient meeting certain conditions, to end that person's life.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

QUESTION 3

LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 1, 2012?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would eliminate state criminal and civil penalties for the medical use of marijuana by qualifying patients. To qualify, a patient must have been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition, such as cancer, glaucoma, HIV-positive status or AIDS, hepatitis C, Crohn's disease, Parkinson's disease, ALS, or multiple sclerosis. The patient would also have to obtain a written certification, from a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship, that the patient has a specific debilitating medical condition and would likely obtain a net benefit from medical use of marijuana.

The proposed law would allow patients to possess up to a 60-day supply of marijuana for their personal medical use. The state Department of Public Health (DPH) would decide what amount would be a 60-day supply. A patient could designate a personal caregiver, at least 21 years old, who could assist with the patient's medical use of marijuana but would be prohibited from consuming that marijuana. Patients and caregivers would have to register with DPH by submitting the physician's certification.

The proposed law would allow for non-profit medical marijuana treatment centers to grow, process and provide marijuana to patients or their caregivers. A treatment center would have to apply for a DPH registration by (1) paying a fee to offset DPH's administrative costs; (2) identifying its location and one additional location, if any, where marijuana would be grown; and (3) submitting operating procedures, consistent with rules to be issued by DPH, including cultivation and storage of marijuana only in enclosed, locked facilities.

A treatment center's personnel would have to register with DPH before working or volunteering at the center, be at least 21 years old, and have no felony drug convictions. In 2013, there could be no more than 35 treatment centers, with at least one but not more than five centers in each county. In later years, DPH could modify the number of centers.

The proposed law would require DPH to issue a cultivation registration to a qualifying patient whose access to a treatment center is limited by financial hardship, physical inability to access reasonable transportation, or distance. This would allow the patient or caregiver to grow only enough plants, in a closed, locked facility, for a 60-day supply of marijuana for the patient's own use.

DPH could revoke any registration for a willful violation of the proposed law. Fraudulent use of a DPH registration could be punished by up to six months in a house of correction or a fine of up to \$500, and fraudulent use of a registration for the sale, distribution, or trafficking of marijuana for non-medical use for profit could be punished by up to five years in state prison or by two and one-half years in a house of correction.

The proposed law would (1) not give immunity under federal law or obstruct federal enforcement of federal law; (2) not supersede Massachusetts laws prohibiting possession, cultivation, or sale of marijuana for nonmedical purposes; (3) not allow the operation of a motor vehicle, boat, or aircraft while under the influence of marijuana; (4) not require any health insurer or government entity to reimburse for the costs of the medical use of marijuana; (5) not require any health care professional to authorize the medical use of marijuana; (6) not require any accommodation of the medical use of marijuana in any workplace, school bus or grounds, youth center, or correctional facility; and (7) not require any accommodation of smoking marijuana in any public place.

The proposed law would take effect January 1, 2013, and states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would enact the proposed law eliminating state criminal and civil penalties related to the medical use of marijuana, allowing patients meeting certain conditions to obtain marijuana produced and distributed by new state-regulated centers or, in specific hardship cases, to grow marijuana for their own use.

A NO VOTE would make no change in existing laws.

YES

NO

1615

YOU HAVE NOW COMPLETED VOTING